

THE SALT LAKE HERALD

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Total Copies of The Herald Printed in September, 1908.

| | | |
|----------------|-----------|--------|
| 1 | 2,685,16 | 9,715 |
| 2 | 2,736,17 | 2,826 |
| 3 | 10,541,18 | 2,746 |
| 4 | 9,641,19 | 9,715 |
| 5 | 9,641,19 | 18,859 |
| 6 | 18,317,21 | 9,671 |
| 7 | 2,736,17 | 2,826 |
| 8 | 2,736,17 | 2,826 |
| 9 | 2,736,17 | 2,826 |
| 10 | 2,736,17 | 2,826 |
| 11 | 2,736,17 | 2,826 |
| 12 | 2,736,17 | 2,826 |
| 13 | 2,736,17 | 2,826 |
| 14 | 2,736,17 | 2,826 |
| 15 | 2,736,17 | 2,826 |
| Total daily | 274,141 | 9,715 |
| Average daily | 2,736,17 | 2,826 |
| Total Sunday | 74,226 | 2,826 |
| Average Sunday | 18,556 | 2,826 |

★ Largest Daily and Sunday
★ Circulation in Salt Lake proved
★ by investigation.

WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE.

THE METALS.
Silver, 50c per ounce.
Copper (cathodes), 13 1/2c per pound.
Lead, 14 1/2c per 100 pounds.

THE AFTERMATH.

A casual inspection of the returns from yesterday's election conveys the impression that the Republican party held an election. In the solid south the Democracy also participated in the festivities, but elsewhere the voting was so nearly unanimous as to make the event lose its interest for a Democrat very soon after the returns began to come in.

It is impossible to discuss so sad an affair right on the heels of the obsequies with the deliberation it deserves. Something happened to the Democratic party, something most untoward and unkind, and that is about all that need be said at present. Mr. Bryan was beaten, and badly beaten, and in his defeat he had the company of some distinguished gentlemen in various states. Whether it was the treachery of Tammany, the overwhelming fund used by the Republicans, the labor vote or what not, that brought disaster, is immaterial. The fact remains that the Democrats did not have enough votes, while the Republicans had more than they needed.

The figures tell the tale. New York City, which was expected to give Chandler and Bryan an immense plurality, did nothing of the sort. Taft's vote was about the same as Bryan's, and the up-state vote buried the Democratic candidate. Ohio, which was to go for Bryan, maintained unbroken its record of fifty-six years, and again went for the Republican candidate. Indiana wobbled considerably and mused up the state ticket, but managed to vote for Taft with a greatly reduced plurality. The middle west, which was expected to support the Nebraska with more or less fervor, failed to get action as expected. Indeed, the end of the campaign recalled the remark John Randolph of Roanoke made about Henry Clay, when he said Clay could get more people to listen to him and fewer to vote for him than any man of his day.

We will now look forward to the revival of business and the wave of prosperity promised by Mr. Taft's supporters. Mr. Cannon will be speaker again, and with the aid of Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Rockefeller, the committee on rules, the tariff will be revised. The trusts will be prosecuted some more, and the treasury deficit will continue to grow, but these are merely incidental questions to be taken up when the party in power pleases.

Whatever happens, the people have expressed their opinion with a decisiveness that leaves no doubt as to what they want. They want Taft and a Republican administration, and the minority party is in duty bound to accept it as gracefully as it may. Mr. Taft cannot by any possible means be as obnoxious as Roosevelt has been, and the agitation of congressional methods, including Mr. Cannon's rule in the house, may bring about an improvement there.

Finally, as has been observed before, the country is safe, a kind Providence is with us in the matter of crops and prices, and The Herald will continue to print the best newspaper from Chicago and the Pacific slope. Now is the time to subscribe.

MEANWHILE, CHEER UP.

Meanwhile, Dearly Beloved, it may be observed that the sun is still doing business, the skies are as blue, the Utah air as crisp, the duck shooting as enticing as ever, no matter whether your ticket won or not. It's four years until another election cataclysm can upset you, and by that time you will have cooled off sufficiently, perhaps more so.

The main point is that the majority of the people in this great nation have said what they want, and it's up to you to take your medicine and pretend you like it until you get a chance to change the prescription. Likewise, the result in the state and county is an expression of the majority's will and that settles it for some time.

But—and this is the main point—be cheerful if you can, and if you can't be entirely cheerful, be just as near it as you can. It took the fathers of the

country a number of years to establish their right to govern themselves. They didn't quit because the job took a long while, and they kept at it even when it looked as though they had been walloped to a finish. The results of yesterday are not necessarily fatal because they may happen to give you indignation, and they agree with a good many people's views.

If one election could threaten the welfare of the American people or of the people in any one state, it would be a poor sort of country to live in. As it is, we have more to be thankful for than any other nation on earth, and it is going to be better as time rolls along. The trusts may be robbing us and the politicians may be all wrong, but at that you couldn't change your location and improve things or even get as good conditions.

Meanwhile, as has been observed, be cheerful and take your medicine. Your turn is coming some day, and you can have a heap of fun imagining it will come soon.

STEEL MILLS TO OPEN.

The election is over and the result announced, so there is no excuse for further delaying business in the endeavor to influence voters. That many large corporations indulged in this pernicious practice is beyond question. The following is from the Wall Street Journal: "It comes from a very good source that the United States Steel corporation and other steel companies will open their books for orders for steel for delivery next year shortly after election. The opening of steel books for delivery in 1909 is considerably overdue. On account of the depression in steel the various steel companies did not regard it as necessary to open the books. Manufacturers anticipate an improvement in business after election, but believe this improvement will be gradual."

With hundreds of thousands of idlers in the country the failure of the steel companies to open their mills or even book orders was an outrage that never ought to be repeated in this country. The pitiable spectacle of thousands of children going to school without breakfast has been witnessed in Chicago during this campaign, while work was withheld from their fathers. Surely these magnates must have hearts of stone.

MORE SMALLPOX.

At the present time there are several cases of smallpox in Salt Lake, and it would seem the part of wisdom to take all known precautions against its spread. While there is less apprehension of an epidemic than in times past, there is no possible excuse for allowing the filthy disease to spread at all. The main thing is vaccination. Statistics prove beyond doubt that inoculation with the virus is the only sure preventive. It is stated by a prominent physician of Philadelphia that among 5,000 cases of smallpox at the municipal hospital no nurse ever took the infection if vaccinated before going on duty.

In several of the European countries vaccination is compulsory and the beneficial results can be seen at a glance. Previous to 1874, when the compulsory vaccination law was enforced in England, the smallpox death rate was above 3,000 to every 1,000,000 population. Statistics now show that the per cent of deaths is less than two to every 1,000,000 persons. For sixteen years prior to 1800 the death rate from smallpox in Sweden was 2,049 for every 1,000,000 inhabitants; from 1802 to 1811, when vaccination was very generally practiced, the rate was reduced to 623 deaths, and for ten years after, 1816, when compulsory vaccination laws were enforced, the rate fell to 133 cases. For a period of nine years, from 1890 to 1899, the Swedish health officers compiled statistics that showed the death rate had decreased in 100 years from 2,049 to one death for every 1,000,000 persons.

A great mass of figures could be produced in support of the argument, yet aside from vaccination in the army and among immigrants to the United States there is no compulsory law in this country, although in some states it is a requirement for admission as a pupil in the public schools.

MINING FOR ELECTRICITY.

Great local differences in the electrification of the earth are known to exist, and now a German engineer suggests that with better knowledge it may be possible to make mining for electricity as profitable as digging for coal or metals. In experiments in two comparatively shallow borings he has obtained weak currents between a small rod of brass or iron immersed in the water of the pit, and a similar rod buried near the surface. He urges contractors, mining companies and others to take up the problem and perform such experiments as testing the current between a sixty-foot copper cylinder at the bottom of a boring of 3,000 feet or more and a similar cylinder buried in moist ground at the surface. He also suggests investigating the charges to be obtained from long iron pipes buried in the ground. It seems possible that means may be found in this way for charging accumulators from earth currents, thus giving a new source of power, light and heat.

Religion is said to be "sweet solace for the injured heart," but we doubt if a defeated candidate in Utah will derive much comfort from this source. There's too much politics mixed with religion in this state.

"There's many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip," but some of the cups made

connection with unerring accuracy last night. Hence the headache this morning.

Turn now to contemplation of the approach of winter and the high prices of the necessities of life. Is there no hope?

That two-bit raise in the price of coal per ton was put on regardless of the outcome of the election. Unto them that hath shall be given.

Those who counted the ballots before they were cast were probably not surprised when the result was announced.

Congress will soon be in session and some interesting vaudeville acts are expected, with President Roosevelt as the text.

The funeral procession started early.

SOCIETY.

A number of the leading women connected with charitable movements will receive this afternoon at a "donation tea" for the benefit of the detention home, which stands in need of some articles of furniture and other things to make the place more attractive. The tea will be given at the Ladies' Literary club and will be from 3 to 5 o'clock. Mrs. C. H. McMahon, Mrs. Windsor V. Rice, Mrs. George H. Raymond, Mrs. A. P. Moon, Mrs. Warren Benjamin, Mrs. Byron Cummings, Mrs. C. S. Kinney and others will assist.

Mrs. Walter G. Tuttle entertained a number of her friends yesterday at a luncheon at her home, when violets were used for decoration. The guests were seated at small tables and the profusion of beautiful flowers made each one attractive. Later some informal music and some readings were enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. George F. Odell will entertain a party of fourteen, the members of the bridal party for the wedding of their daughter Jean and Dr. Howard P. Tomrow evening.

Colonel and Mrs. Walter Scott will be at home this evening to the people of the garrison and some town friends from 8:30 till 11, to meet their house guests, Mrs. Ward and Miss Ward, Mrs. Charles Power, Miss Bradley and Miss Stubblefield.

A meeting of the executive committee, with Mrs. F. S. Bascom as chairman, and of all the committees on the Charity ball, to be given, Nov. 10, at the Ogden, will be held this morning at the Y. M. C. A.

Mrs. Harry C. Benson, who has been spending the past month with her mother, Mrs. F. S. Richards, leaves today for her home in San Francisco.

Mrs. F. F. Stegmeyer has returned from a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dyer in Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Watson of Ogden spent yesterday in the city, returning to her home last evening.

The Bridge club meets tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. Donnell and Miss Minnie Sadler at the Sadler home.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph T. Richards are expected back from New York within a few days after a fortnight's visit there.

Miss Ledia Palmer will give her lecture on Leonardo Da Vinci, this morning at 10:30 at her home, instead of Tuesday as stated.

Mrs. Dudley G. Bolton and her little daughter Beatrice are back from a stay of several months in Los Angeles. They are at home at the Whitehall for a month.

Mrs. Ralph McBroom will entertain at a bridge party on Saturday afternoon for Miss Jean Odell.

Miss Georgie Eldred of Jackson, Mich., is the guest of Miss Helen Maynard, having come to be the maid of honor at Miss Maynard's wedding.

Mrs. Lulu Mayne Windsor arrived last evening after a year in Europe and is the guest of her sister, Dr. Grace Stratton.

Mrs. Walter G. Tuttle will issue invitations within a day or so for two bridge teas, to be given on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

Mrs. John C. Cutler and Miss Hazel Cutler have gone to Los Angeles to spend several weeks.

Mrs. E. D. Miller will entertain at a luncheon on Friday.

Mrs. Chatterton will entertain the James B. Mackay corps at her home, 101 North Temple street, tomorrow afternoon, instead of Mrs. Thomas as announced.

Hamilton G. Park, Jr., entertained in honor of George Chamberlain on Monday evening. Gayety was played, the prizes being won by Miss Louise Betts and George Dwyer. After refreshments were served a delightful musical program was given, Miss Eva Johnson, Messrs. Frank and Arch Chamberlain and Mr. Park taking part. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Chamberlain, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burgess, Misses Irene Hunter, Hazel Hanson, Stella Hayden, Daisy Pence, Luel Le Becomine, Adah Betts, Messrs. L. R. Chamberlain, George Dwyer, Sidney D. McKenzie, Arch W. Chamberlain, Mrs. S. D. McKenzie and Mrs. A. Clissold presided over the punch bowl.

Fresh Flowers Every Day.

Strong, healthy blooms, best varieties. Superb Florist, 55 Main.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

W. L. Wiseman, East Mill Creek.
Luel L. Morris, East Mill Creek.
W. W. Le Chevallier, Garfield.
Alice Woodhouse, Lehi.
Marshall Spencer, American Fork.
Agnes Hansen, Draper.

ONCE TOO OFTEN.

(Kansas City Journal.)
Bernard Robbins, head of the legal department of New York's court of appeals, this charity helps the poor to adjust their marital troubles without going to the expense of lawsuits—said the other day: "Such work as mine makes you, if you are not careful, pessimistic about marriage, so that you find yourself telling grimly over and over again the story about St. Peter and the widow. 'What? You don't know the story? Well, it seems that two souls approached St. Peter side by side, and the younger was repulsed sternly by the saint on the ground that since he had never been married he had never known suffering. The other man advanced with glad confidence. He stated that he had been married twice. 'But he, too, the saint replied, saying: 'This is no place for fools.'"

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for YEARS BY MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle. GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOD AND DRUG ACT, JUNE 30, 1906. SERIAL NUMBER 308.

TIPS FOR GLOBE TROTTERS.

Bits of Information About Hotels in All Parts of the World.

(Baltimore American.)
"I can tell you some rather interesting facts about hotels in many parts of the world, as I have been a consistent globe-trotter for the last ten years," said M. J. Marston of Brooklyn.

Of this only country in which you will never find a bad hotel is Switzerland. All its hotels are excellent and splendidly managed. In traveling through Switzerland one goes very frequently in carriages that belong to the government and are under state operation. These public conveyances are styled the "Extra Post." The village postmaster will book you for a passage, and the fare is not exorbitant, about the same as hotel livery tariffs in the United States.

In a town in Algeria that I spent a few hours in once, the chief of the hotel was also the mayor, and it is the only place where one can get a decent meal, the worthy mayor being a pretty fair cook.

In Constantinople I found a first-rate hotel, but it was hard to get sleep on account of the noise of the city's countless dogs. Dogs are not to be met in the Turkish capital, and the stranger who goes there must make up his mind to be resigned to the view of the city and its surroundings. In the town of Nazareth, in Asiatic Turkey, I stopped with the good monks of a Nunnery convent. They kept a beautifully clean house, doing all their own work, and when I went to pay they said they left it to each guest to pay what he thought was right. They made no charge, but accepted whatever those they entertained offered.

One of the most beautiful hotels I ever patronized was the Villa Igea Grand, at Palermo, Sicily. It was once a palace, and the grounds which inclose it are a dream of loveliness. The view of the sea and the mountains from the hotel is sublime.

In Shanghai you can stop at a hotel that bears the familiar name of Astor house. One gets good treatment there and made very comfortable. All Chinese landlords are admirable; they are the acme of civility and put strangers immediately at their ease. In Scotland I was in a hotel where the management would not let the elevator run only in the morning for fear of disturbing the guests. The view of the case of this suspension of service I had a shilling taken off my bill."

SUITED BOTH CLAIMANTS.

(Lippincott's.)

A Nevada man having extensive mining claims in the goldfield region tells of a lucky strike that was made last year near Carson City. A strike that proved to be of such promise that a goodly sized camp immediately sprang up around it. The two principal mine owners were, respectively, an Irishman and a Jew, and as a compliment to these leading citizens the camp decided to leave to them the bestowal of a suitable name upon the new community.

There followed many conferences between the two, none of which resulted in an agreement. The Irishman stood out for a name that should suggest his native isle, while the Jew was just as insistent on his part, for a name that should be suggestive of the chosen people. This deadlock continued so long that the rest of the camp grew restless, and finally insisted that there should be a compromise. So the new camp was called "Tippensalem."

THOUGHT STREET A RIVER.

(Chicago Inter Ocean.)

"Come on in, fellows, the water's fine," shouted Peter Lenz yesterday, as he perched himself on a garbage box at Orleans and State streets, peered off his shirt and tried to make a high dive under the street car tracks.

Policeman Mee of the Chicago avenue station saw Lenz at the apex of his dive, made a slide for the corner and arrived in time to receive the diver on the elastic portion of his anatomy where he wears his belt.

It was one of the most thrilling rescues in the history of athletics. One second less, and Lenz would have landed on his head and probably fractured a valuable cobblestone.

GRAMMER HIS FORTE.

(Exchange.)

A Kansas school man had a world of trouble in teaching one of her charges the intricacies of arithmetic. The job finally became so arduous that she complained to the child's father.

"Oh," said the fond parent, "never mind my humble about that. He come by it honestly. I always were a good grammarian, but a mighty poor arithmetician."

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CAPITAL \$200,000.00
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We can fit every foot that comes to us perfectly.

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These goods are in great demand now for the popular tailor-made waists. The designs are all new, different from what you have seen.

Prices for this sale exceptionally low. They range from 40c a yard down to 25c a yard.

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GOOD SILK AT LOW PRICE

27 inches wide checked Louisine extra heavy quality silk, in different size checks—black and white, blue and white, brown and white, brown ground with white check, blue ground with white check. This is an exceptional number, as it only takes 10 to 12 yards to make a dress or 3 to 3 1/2 yards for a waist. Value, \$1.25. Sale, 79c.

Your Money Back for Any Piano

We have sold you since we started in business two years ago if you can find a better new piano and a lower price than what we charged you. Tell your friends about us. The beautiful

"Anderson Piano"

With Singing Soul, and four other makes. Easy payments.

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Each package is sealed, thus protecting the butter from impurities. Each package is dated so you may always know the butter is fresh.

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LOA CO-OP. MONEY

We collected some money for the Loa Co-op. of Wayne county, some time ago, which had been owing to them for about thirteen or fourteen years.

Their manager was exceedingly surprised when we told him we had the money.

Eleven years ago, in the dead of winter, he chased the defendant over two ranges of mountains trying to catch him. The man got away. We located him in another state and collected the money.

Red Streaks of Honesty Exist in Everybody. Turn in your claims. We will collect for you, if you wish. Christmas is coming.

Merchants' Protective Association

Scientific Collectors of Honest Debts.

Eight Rooms, Commercial National Bank Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Francis G. Luke, General Manager. "Some People Don't Like Us."

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You will find our line of LADIES' SUITS, HATS, COATS and FURS, as well as MEN'S SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS and SHOES as reasonable as any cash store in the city.

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Honest work. Reasonable prices. Painless extracting. All work guaranteed.

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